## Geometry **ASSIGNMENT 1.9**

1. Two angles are \_\_\_\_\_\_ if their measures add up to  $90^{\circ}$ .

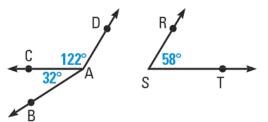
2. Two angles are \_\_\_\_\_\_ if their measures add up to 180°.

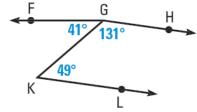
**3.** Two angles are angles if their sides are formed by two intersecting lines, but they do not share a side in common. Vertical angles are \_\_\_\_\_\_ in measure.

**4.** Two angles are a \_\_\_\_\_\_ if they share a side in common and their non-common sides form a straight angle. Angles that form a linear pair are supplementary or add up to \_\_\_\_\_.

Name a pair of complementary angles and a pair of supplementary angles. Answers may vary.

5.





Complementary Angles: \_\_\_\_\_

Supplementary Angles: \_\_\_\_\_

Complementary Angles: \_\_\_\_\_

Supplementary Angles: \_\_\_\_\_

7.  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  are complementary angles. Given  $m \angle 1 = 68^{\circ}$ , find  $m \angle 2$ .

**8.**  $\angle A$  and  $\angle B$  are supplementary angles. Given  $m\angle A = 123^{\circ}$ , find  $m\angle B$ .

 $\angle A$  and  $\angle B$  are complementary and  $\angle B$  and  $\angle C$  are supplementary.

**9.** If 
$$m \angle A = 47^{\circ}$$
, then

$$m\angle B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$
 and  $m\angle C = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .  $m\angle B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  and  $m\angle A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

**10.** If 
$$m\angle C = 91^{\circ}$$
, then

$$m\angle B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$
 and  $m\angle A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

**11.**  $\angle C$  is a complement of  $\angle D$ . Find m $\angle C$ .

$$m\angle C = (15x + 3)^{\circ}$$

$$m\angle D = (5x - 13)^{\circ}$$

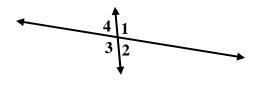
12.  $\angle A$  is a supplement of  $\angle B$ . Find m $\angle B$ .

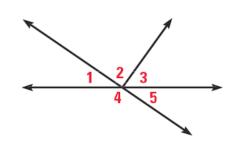
$$m\angle A = (6x + 72)^{\circ}$$

$$m\angle B = (2x + 28)^{\circ}$$

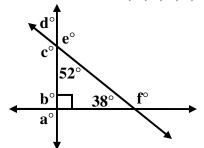
Use the figure at the right to answer true or false for the following questions.

- 13.  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 5$  are vertical angles.
- **14.**  $\angle$  1 and  $\angle$  3 are vertical angles.
- 15.  $\angle$  2 and  $\angle$  4 are vertical angles.
- **16.**  $\angle$  2 and  $\angle$  5 are vertical angles.
- 17.  $\angle$  1 and  $\angle$  4 are a linear pair.
- **18.**  $\angle$  4 and  $\angle$  5 are a linear pair.
- **19.**  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 3$  are a linear pair.
- **20.**  $\angle 2$  and  $\angle 5$  are a linear pair.
- **21.** Given  $m\angle 1 = 112^{\circ}$ , determine  $m\angle 2$ ,  $m\angle 3$ , and  $m\angle 4$ .





22. Find the value of a, b, c, d, e, and f.



**23.** M is the midpoint  $\overline{AB}$ . Find AM.

$$AM = x + 15$$

$$MB = 4x - 45$$

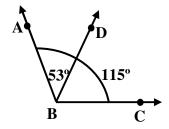
**24.** B is between point A and C. Find BC.

$$AB = 2x + 10$$

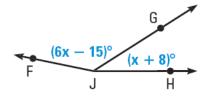
$$BC = x - 4$$

$$AC = 21$$

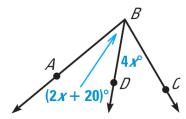
**25.** Find m∠DBC.



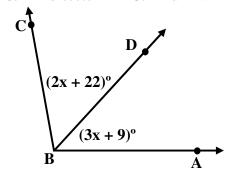
**26.** Given  $m\angle FJH = 168^{\circ}$ , find  $m\angle FJG$ .



**27.**  $\overrightarrow{BD}$  bisects  $\angle ABC$ . Find m $\angle DBC$ .



**28.**  $\overrightarrow{BD}$  bisects  $\angle ABC$ . Find m $\angle ABC$ .



Classify each angle.

**29.** m
$$\angle$$
ABC = 76°

**30.** 
$$m \angle 3 = 180^{\circ}$$

**31.** m
$$\angle$$
F = 90°

**32.** 
$$m\angle XYZ = 134^{\circ}$$

- **33.** Find the midpoint of  $\overline{CD}$  given its endpoints. C(-8,-3) D(5,-9)
- **34.** Given the midpoint M(-4,0) and an endpoint F(-3,2) of  $\overline{FG}$ , find the other endpoint.

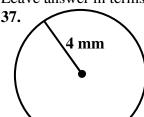
**35.** Find the length of segment  $\overline{XY}$  given the coordinates of its endpoints.

$$X(-1,5)$$
  $Y(4,-7)$ 

**36.** Find the distance between the endpoints of  $\overline{AB}$ .

$$A(-9,2)$$
  $B(-5,0)$ 

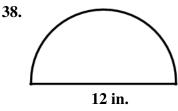
Find the circumference and area of the circle. Leave answer in terms of  $\pi$ .



is 6 m. Find the height.

**39.** The area of a triangle is 42 m<sup>2</sup> and its base

Find the area of the figure. Leave answer in terms of  $\pi$ .



**40.** The circumference of a circle is  $32\pi$  in... Find its area.

- **41.** The perimeter of a rectangle is 44 square inches and **42.** A sewing club is making a quilt consisting of its height is 6 inches. What is the area of the rectangle?
- 16 squares with each side of the square 10 centimeters. If the quilt has four rows and four columns, what is the perimeter of the quilt?

## **Answer Key:**

- 1) complementary
- 2) supplementary
- 3) vertical, equal
- **4)** linear, 180°

- 5)  $\angle$ BAC and  $\angle$ RST,  $\angle$ CAD and  $\angle$ RST
- 6) ∠FGK and ∠LKG, ∠HGK and ∠LKG
- **10**) m $\angle$ B = 89°, m $\angle$ A = 1° **8)** m $\angle$ B = 57° **9**) m $\angle$ B = 43°, m $\angle$ C = 137° 11) m $\angle$ C = 78°
- **12**) m $\angle$ B = 48° **13**) True **14**) False
- **15**) False
- **16)** False
- **17**) True
- **18**) True

- **19**) False **20**) False **21**)  $m\angle 2 = 68^{\circ}$ ,  $m\angle 3 = 112^{\circ}$ ,  $m\angle 4 = 68^{\circ}$
- **22**) a = 90, b = 90, c = 128, d = 52, e = 128, f = 142 **23**) AM = 35 **24**) BC = 1
- **25**)  $m\angle DBC = 62^{\circ}$

7) m $\angle 2 = 22^{\circ}$ 

- **26**) m $\angle$ FJG = 135° **27**) m $\angle$ DBC = 40° **28**) m $\angle$ ABC = 96° **29**) Acute **30**) Straight **31**) Right **32**) Obtuse
- **33)**  $M\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -6\right)$  **34)**  $G\left(-5, -2\right)$  **35)** XY = 13 **36)**  $AB = 2\sqrt{5}$  **37)**  $C = 8\pi$  mm,  $A = 16\pi$  mm<sup>2</sup>

- **38)** A =  $18\pi$  in.<sup>2</sup>

- **39**) h = 14 m **40**) A =  $256\pi$  in.<sup>2</sup> **41**) A = 96 in.<sup>2</sup> **42**) P = 160 cm