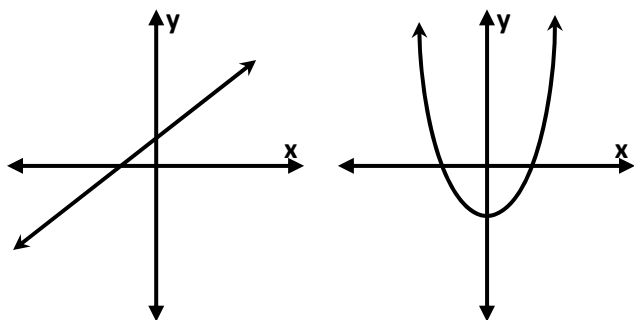


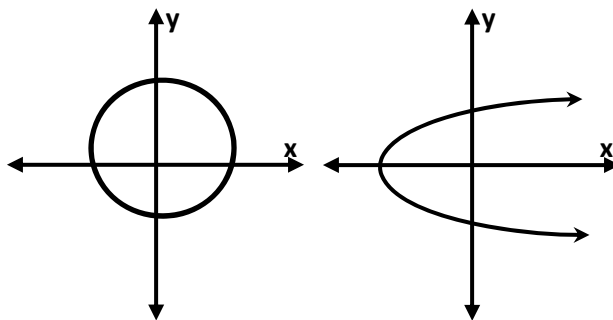
Pg. 40 1.4 – Functions

A _____ is an equation that passes the vertical line test. An equation is a function if for every x-value there is a unique corresponding y-value.

Functions



Non-Functions



Ex 1:

Which sets of ordered pairs represent functions from A to B?

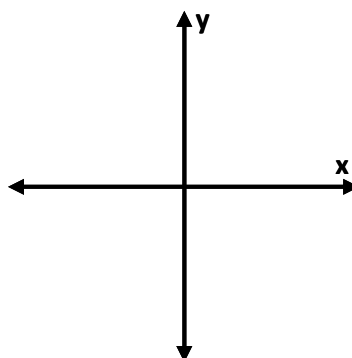
$$A = \{0,1,2,3\} \text{ and } B = \{-2,-1,0,1,2\}$$

- a) $\{(0,1), (1,-2), (2,0), (3,2)\}$
- b) $\{(0,-1), (2,2), (1,-2), (3,0), (1,1)\}$
- c) $\{(0,0), (1,0), (2,0), (3,0)\}$
- d) $\{(0,2), (3,0), (1,1)\}$

Ex 2:

Determine whether the equation represent y as a function of x.

- a) $x = y^2$
- b) $x + y^2 = 4$
- c) $(x - 2)^2 + y^2 = 4$
- d) $y = \sqrt{x + 5}$



Ex 3:

Evaluate the function at each specified value of the independent variable and simplify.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+8} + 2$$

a) $f(-8)$

b) $f(1)$

c) $f(x-8)$

Ex 4:

Find the domain of the function.

$$f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x^2 + 3x}$$

Ex 5:

Find the difference quotient and simplify your answer.

$$f(x) = 5x - x^2, \quad \frac{f(5+h) - f(5)}{h}, h \neq 0$$

Assignment 1.4

Pg. 48 Vocab #'s 1, 4, 6

Problem Set #'s 1-29 ODD, 37, 41, 45-73 ODD, 79-89 ODD, 93

Check Answers Pg. A82